(a)	motor effect	1
(b)	increase the strength of the magnet or increase the current 1	1
(C)	$4.8 \times 10^{-4} = F \times 8 \times 10^{-2}$	1
	$F = 6 \times 10^{-3} (N)$	1
	$6 \times 10^{-3} = B \times 1.5 \times 5 \times 10^{-2}$	1
	$B = \frac{6 \times 10^{-3}}{7.5 \times 10^{-2}}$	1
	$B = 8 \times 10^{-2} \text{ or } 0.08$	1
	allow 8×10^{-2} or 0.08 with no working shown for 5 marks a correct method with correct calculation using an incorrect value of F gains 3 marks Tesla accept T	1

M1.

M2.	(a)	the point at which the (total) mass seems to act / appears to be concentrated accept 'weight' for 'mass' accept the point at which gravity seems to act do not accept a definitive statement eg where (all) the mass	L
		/S 1	

(b) wid<u>er</u> / larg<u>er</u> base marks are for a correct comparison

> low<u>er</u> centre of mass accept lower centre of gravity / c of g

(c) <u>line of action</u> (of the weight) lies / falls inside the base in each case the underlined term must be used correctly to gain the mark

the <u>resultant moment</u> returns mixer to its original position accept there is no <u>resultant moment / resultant moment</u> is zero accept resulting moment for resultant moment do **not** accept converse argument

[5]

1

1

1

M3. (a)	(i)	will not fall over (1) accept will not easily fall over (2)	
		or centre of mass will remain above the base (1) (<i>line of action of the</i>) <i>weight will remain above within the</i> <i>base</i> <i>accept centre of gravity / c of g / c of m / c m</i>	
		if the monitor is given a small push (1) <i>depends on mark above</i>	2
	(ii)	(total) clockwise moment = (total) anticlockwise moment or they are equal / balanced	1

(b) the position of the <u>centre of mass</u> has changed (1)the line of action of the <u>weight</u> is outside the base (1)producing a (resultant) <u>moment</u> (1) points may be expressed in any order
 3

[6]

M4. (a) 1.2

allow **1** mark for conversion of 2.4 kN to 2400 N or for correct transformation without conversion ie $d = 2880 \div 2.4$

2

metre(s)/m

1

(b) any **two** from:

- as the load increases the (total) clockwise moment increases
- danger is that the fork lift truck / the load will topple / tip forward
- (this will happen) when the total clockwise moment is equal to (or greater than) the anticlockwise moment accept moments will not be balanced
- (load above 10.0 kN) moves line of action (from C of M) outside base (area)

[5]

see-saw is in equilibrium accept see-saw is balanced see-saw is stationary is insufficient

1

1

1

2

1

(total) clockwise moments = anticlockwise moment accept no resultant moment forces are balanced is insufficient an answer clockwise moments balance the anticlockwise moments gains **2** marks

(b) (i) 600 (Nm)

(ii) 375 (N) or their (b)(i) ÷ 1.6 correctly calculated do not credit if (b)(i) is larger than 960 allow 1 mark for correct substitution and transformation ie $\frac{600}{1.6} \text{ or } \frac{\text{their (b)(i)}}{1.6}$

[6]

M6. (a) current produces a magnetic field (around XY) (i) accept current (in XY) is perpendicular to the (permanent) magnetic field 1 (creating) a force (acting) on XY / wire / upwards reference to Fleming's left hand rule is insufficient 1 (ii) motor (effect) 1 (iii) vibrate / move up and down 1 5 times a second only scores if first mark point scores allow for 1 mark only an answer 'changes direction 5 times a second' 1 (b) 0.005 allow 1 mark for calculating moment of the weight as 0.04 (Ncm)andallow 1 mark for correctly stating principle of momentsorallow 2 marks for correct substitution ie F × 8 = 2 × 0.02 or F × 8 = 0.04 3

[8]

M7. (a) 38 400

allow 6.4 × 6000 for **1** mark

Nm **or** newton metres do **not** credit 'nm', 'mN' or 'metre newtons'

(b) 16 000 (N) **or** 16 <u>k</u>N *allow* **1** *mark for* 38 400 ÷ 2.4 *accept their (a)* ÷ 2.4 *correctly calculated for* **2** *marks accept their (a)* ÷ 2.4 *for* **1** *mark*

[5]

2

2

- **M8.** (a) (i) turning accept turning ringed in the box
 - (ii) point at which mass (or weight) may be thought to be concentrated accept the point from which the weight appears to act allow focused for concentrated do not accept most / some of the mass do not accept region / area for point
 - (b) 600 (Nm) 400 × 1.5 gains **1** mark provided no subsequent steps shown
 - (c) (i) plank rotates clockwise accept girl moves downwards do **not** accept rotates to the right

(total) CM > (total) ACM accept moment is larger on the girl's side

weight of see-saw provides CM answer must be in terms of moment maximum of **2** marks if there is no reference to the weight of the see-saw

1

1

1

2

1

1

 (ii) W = 445 (N) W × 1.5 = (270 × 0.25) + (300 × 2.0) gains 2 marks allow for 1 mark: total CM = total ACM either stated or implied or (270 × 0.25) + (300 × 2.0) if no other marks given

M9. (a) 60

allow **1** mark for correct substitution (with d in metres), ie $36 = F \times 0.6$ an answer of 0.6 **or** 6 gains **1** mark

 (b) the line of action of the weight lies outside the base / bottom (of the bag) accept line of action of the weight acts through the side accept the weight (of the bag) acts outside the base / bottom(of the bag)

a resultant / overall / unbalanced moment acts (on the bag) accept the bag is not in equilibrium do **not** accept the bag is unbalanced 2

1